



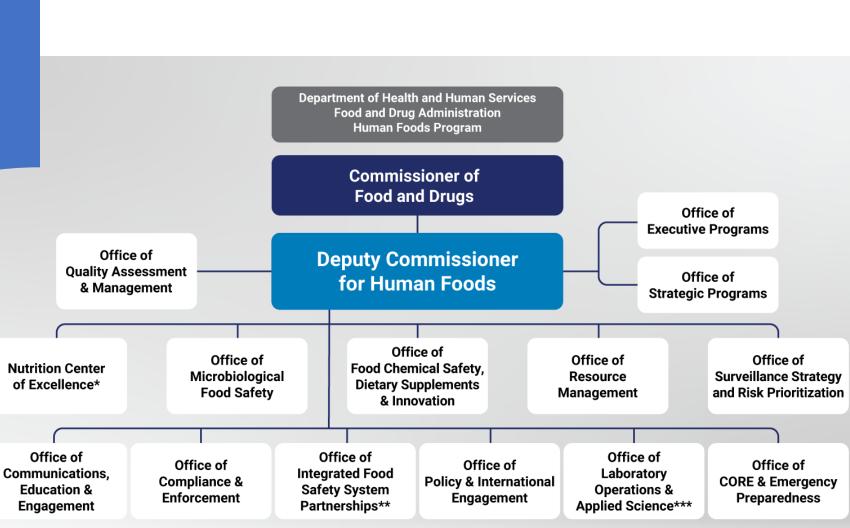
Food Chemical Safety at FDA Kristi Muldoon-Jacobs, PhD Office of Food Additive Safety, Director Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN), FDA



Food Chemical Safety at FDA

- Food Chemical Safety is one of the pillars of the proposed unified FDA Human Foods Program.
- FDA supports innovation while maintaining as its first priority the safety of the foods available to U.S. consumers, including our most vulnerable populations, such as children.
- Includes both pre-market and post-market programs.

FDA Human Foods Program

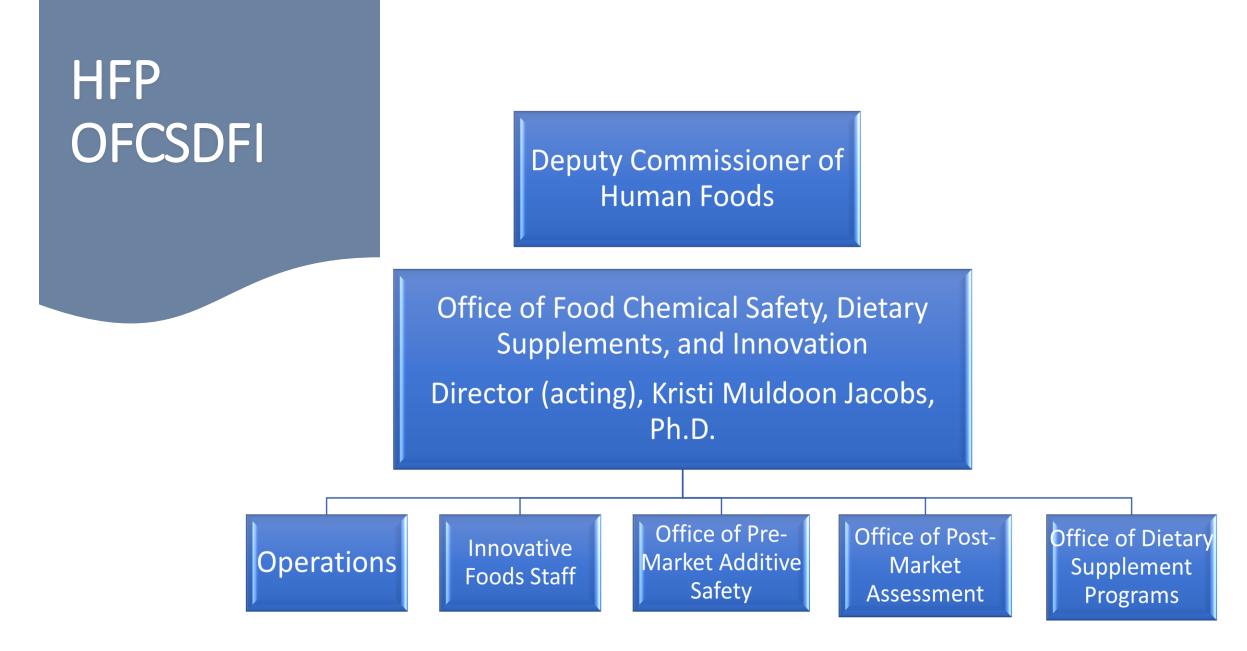


FDA

*Includes Office of Critical Foods

**OIFSSP will work in close coordination with the Center for Veterinary Medicine

***OLOAS will work in close coordination with the Office of the Chief Scientist and Center for Veterinary Medicine





FDA's Pre-market Authorities

FD&C Act: pre-market food additive and color additive authorities

"...any substance the intended use of which results or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or indirectly, in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting the characteristics of any food..."

- Require pre-market approval by FDA
- FDA reviews data and makes a safety determination
- Results in a food additive regulation in 21 CFR
- Exempts authorization requirement for uses generally recognized as safe (GRAS), applies to food additives only.

All substances used in food, whether GRAS, additive, or food contact substance must be safe.



Color Additives: Legal Definition 201(t) of the FD&C Act

"--a dye, pigment, or other substance made by a process of synthesis ... or extracted, isolated, or otherwise derived...from a vegetable, animal, mineral, or other source,"

"when added or applied to a food, drug, or cosmetic, or to the human body or any part thereof, is capable (alone or through the reaction with other substance) of imparting color thereto."

- Includes black, white, and shades of gray
- No GRAS exemption
- Colorants are substances used to color food contact materials



"Reasonable certainty of no harm"

 "a reasonable certainty in the minds of competent scientists that the substance is not harmful under the intended conditions of use" (21 CFR 170.3)

Based on safety only

• No risk/benefit analysis

Safety is determined by intended use.

Standard of Safety



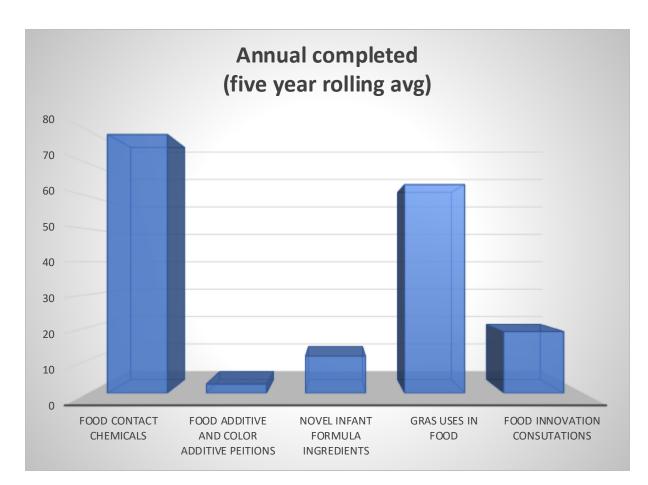


FDA

Food Ingredient Safety Assessment: Basic Elements

- What <u>is</u> it?
 - Identity, properties, and composition
 - Manufacturing process
 - Specifications, limits on impurities/contaminants
- What are its intended <u>uses</u>?
 - Purpose or technical effect (why is it added to food?)
 - Food categories
 - Use levels
- <u>How much will people consume of it?</u>
 - Exposure estimate based on maximum intended use levels and food consumption data
- Will amounts consumed be <u>safe</u>?
 - Data and information supporting safety at estimated exposure levels, considering sensitive subpopulations such as children and pregnant women.
 - Appropriate data informed by exposure, biochemical properties, functional properties

FDA Pre-market Programs



Food Additive and Color Additive Petitions

- FDA approval applicable to all industry
- Requires regulation posting in Federal Register

Food Contact Chemicals (Notifications)

- FDA authorization of company-specific uses of food contact substances.
- Posted on FDA website

• Novel Infant Formula Ingredients

- Typically through GRN, required for IFN
- FDA issues letter and posts on website

• GRAS Uses in Food (Notifications)

- FDA evaluation of notices that specific use is safe under specific conditions in food.
- FDA issues letter and posts on website.

• Food Innovation Consultations

• FDA evaluation of safety for innovative food products (GMO and Cell Agriculture).



FDA's Post-market Assessment Process

Enhanced Approach

- FDA is enhancing our approach to food chemical safety, with a focus on post-market work
- Includes improved transparency and involvement of stakeholders





Enhanced Systematic Process for FDA's Post-Market Assessment of Chemicals in Food

September 25, 2024 12:30 – 4:30 pm ET Great Room, White Oak Campus and Virtual Public Meeting website



Update Processes to Identify, Evaluate, Prioritize, and Communicate New and Evolving Information



Establish a framework to systematically review the post-market safety of chemicals in food

Seek information on the post-market use of approved chemical substances from industry and other stakeholders



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Establish prioritization based on science and public health for post-market assessment activities



Establish publicly available list of chemicals we intend to reassess

Select List of Chemicals in the Food Supply Under FDA Review

- contaminants
- food contact substances
- food ingredients, including food and color additives
- food ingredient impurities

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- Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)
- Mycotoxins (T-2 toxin, HT-2 toxin and zearalenone)

Mercury

Lead

Cadmium

Arsenic

Phthalates - Other names include: *ortho*-phthalates, plasticizers, and components of adhesives, resins, lubricants, and sealants

Irgafos 168 (Tris(2,4-di-*tert*-butylphenyl) phosphite)

Fluorinated High-Density polyethylene (HDPE)

Bisphenol A (BPA)

Authorized PFAS: Uses of other PFAS in food contact applications

Authorized PFAS: Certain Short-Chain PFAS in food contact substances (6:2 FTOH)

Titanium Dioxide

• FD&C Red No. 3

Potassium Bromate

Partially Hydrogenated Oil (PHO)

Brominated Vegetable Oil (BVO)

Propylparaben

4-Methylimidazole (4-MEI)

3-Monochloropropane-1,2-diol (MCPD) esters and Glycidyl Esters (GE)





- PFAS Completion of market phase-out of PFAS grease-proofing substances
- BVO published final rule to remove authorization
- Phthalates revoked authorizations of 19 phthalates approved for use in food contact materials as plasticizers.
- Aspartame –participated in WHO and JECFA evaluation of safety, concluded authorized use level in food is safe
- TiO₂ full assessment ongoing expected to complete this year.
- FDA's "Not GRAS" Memos Inventory
- Establish new dedicated team for post-market food chemical assessment as part of the new HFP

