Colorful Communications In Food Science and Nutrition

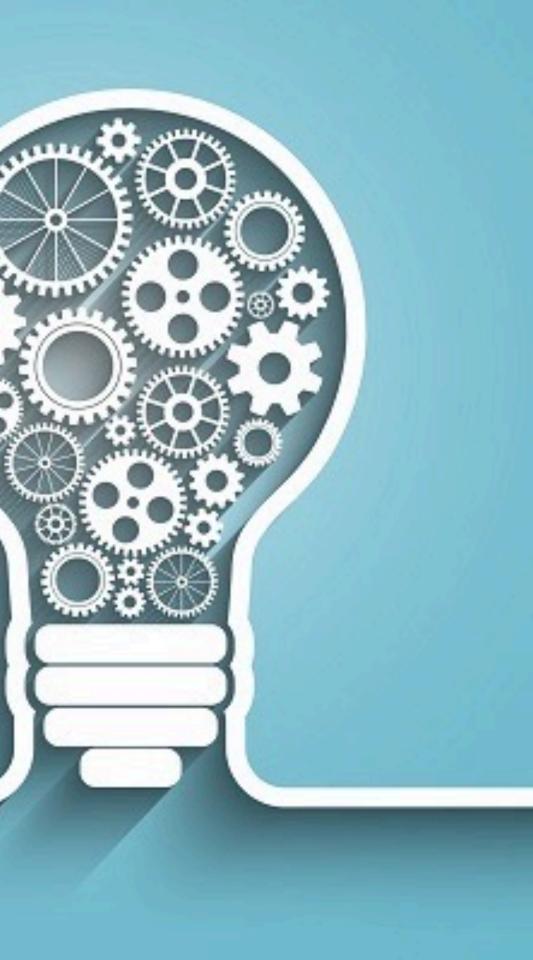
Taylor C. Wallace, PhD

Think Healthy Group George Mason University Produce for Better Health Foundation Center for Magnesium Research & Education

avori

SCIENTIST

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Personal Disclosures

Its always important to be transparent about perceived conflicts of interest:

Employment: Think Healthy Group George Mason University

Journal Editorships:

Journal of Dietary Supplements Journal of the American College of Nutrition Annals of Medicine

Fellowships & Appointments:

Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education (ORISE) Produce for Better Health Foundation Center for Magnesium Education & Research AND Flavan-3-ol Working Group Science Advisory Boards:

Forbes Health National Pork Board Deerland Enzymes AHARA

Research Funding and Speaker Honoraria: International Color Manufacturers Association International Food Additives Council PepsiCo

*These conflicts of interest are those that could be perceived as relating to this presentation. All disclosures can be found at: <u>www.drtaylorwallace.com</u>.

Who I Am...



A Researcher and Teacher...

1) What aspects of the course and the way it was taught helped you to learn?

everything about the cause was stimulating!! you are an a mazing teacher. your lectores were nivering and you really expanded my knowledge. Forever gratted to have a tracher like you. #Wallace corpressiont

> 1) What aspects of the course and the way it was taught helped you to learn? Professor Wallace used a lot of personal stories and examples that helped me understand certain material and stay engaged in the class. He is well knowledgeble and has a lot of hands on experience that truly showed while he taught the dass.

1) What aspects of the course and the way it was taught helped you to learn? - the example, given - Dr. Wallace's energy textitement for the COURSE.

 $-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-CH_3$

Le course and the way it was taught helped you to learn? for the closs and t enjoyed to learn? Closs and t enjoyed the goup myths on

1) What aspects of the course and the way it was taught helped you to learn? I really enjaged the lectures, they were simple easily understandable, & interesting. Taylor made the class and interesting class so take, made furny jakes & class was not paring at all. It ighly recommend anyone to take the class Liked and appreciated hour wire and a power and the text the power and the power an creating a wereaming and engrating antroomerat

www.drtaylorwallace.com/research

The Saqmolo' Project







J Acad Nutr Diet. 2022;122(2):432. (www.drtaylorwallace.com/Saqmolo)

The RESTORE Study

Progress.

- **Aim:** To identify standard nutrition care practices used by RDNs that show potential in influencing the burden of disease in patients admitted to the ICU using the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics' Health Informatics Infrastructure (ANDHII).
- Utility: Assist in the development of a pragmatic protocol of nutrition standard care practices that can be used to decrease the morbidity and mortality of SARS-CoV-2.
- 10 ICUs across the U.S. provided longitudinal data on 100 patients.



Preliminary analyses published.

DOI: 10.1002/jpen.2106

BRIEF COMMUNICATION

Nutrition care practice patterns for patients with COVID-19–A preliminary report

Velarie Ansu MS¹ Constantina Papoutsakis PhD, RDN² Nana Gletsu-Miller PhD¹ Lisa A. Spence PhD, RD¹ | Kathryn Kelley MPH² | Lindsay Woodcock MS, RDN² • Taylor C. Wallace PhD, CFS^{3,4,5} | Alison Steiber PhD, RDN^{2,6}

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Abstract

Background: Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 is a respiratory virus that poses risks to the nutrition status and survival of infected patients, yet there is paucity of data to inform evidence-based guality care.

Methods: We collected data on the nutrition care provided to patients with coron avirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) by registered dietitian nutritionists (RDNs).

Results: Hospitalized COVID-19 patients (N = 101) in this cohort were older adults and had elevated body mass index. The most frequent nutrition problems were inade quate oral intake (46.7%), inadequate energy intake (18.9%), and malnutrition (18.4%). These problems were managed predominantly with enteral nutrition, food supple ments, and multivitamin-multimineral supplement therapy. Over 90% of documented problems required a follow-up.

Conclusion: This data set is the first of its kind to report on the types of nutrition diag noses and interventions for COVID-19 cases used by RDNs and highlights the need for increased and continued nutrition care.

KEYWORDS

coronavirus infections, critical care, dietary supplements, dietetics, enteral nutrition, informatics, intensive care unit, nutrition, nutrition care process terminology, nutrition status, practice guidelines, research and diseases

J Parenter Enteral Nutr. 2021;45:1774.



ASPEN LEADING THE SCIENCE AND PRACTICE OF CLINICAL NUTRY

Research

Research focus:

- Effects of choline intake on cognitive development and maintenance.
- Global development in the first 1000 days and early childhood (The Saqmolo' Project).
- Nutrition and COVID-19 (The RESTORE Study).
- Flavonoids (particularly anthocyanins) and cardiometabolic health.

Multivitamins.

Magnesium, immune function, inflammation, and bone health.



Forbes HEALTH Advisory Board Member 2022

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Dietary Supplements



Editor-in-Chief: Taylor C. Wallace, PhD

Taylor & Francis

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Research

NEW flavan-3-ol guideline:

Flavan-3-ols and Cardiometabolic Health: First Ever Dietary Bioactive Guideline

Kristi M Crowe-White,¹ Levi W Evans,² Gunter GC Kuhnle,³ Dragan Milenkovic,⁴ Kim Stote,⁵ Taylor Wallace,^{6,7} Deepa Handu,⁸ and Katelyn E Senkus¹

¹ Department of Human Nutrition, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA; ² USDA-ARS, Western Human Nutrition Research Center, Davis, CA, USA; ³ Department of Food and Nutritional Sciences, University of Reading, Reading, United Kingdom; ⁴ Department of Nutrition, University of California Davis, Davis, CA, USA; ⁵ State University of New York, Empire State College, Saratoga Springs, NY, USA; ⁶ Department of Nutrition and Food Studies, George Mason University, Washington, DC, USA; ⁷ Produce for Better Health Foundation, Washington, DC, USA; and ⁸ Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, Chicago, IL, USA

ABSTRACT

Guideline recommendation for a plant bioactive such as flavan-3-ols is a departure from previous recommendations because it is not based on deficiencies but rather improvement in health outcomes. Nevertheless, there is a rapidly growing body of clinical data reflecting benefits of flavan-3-ol intake that outweigh potential harms. Thus, the objective of the Expert Panel was to develop an intake recommendation for flavan-3-ols and cardiometabolic outcomes to inform multiple stakeholders including clinicians, policymakers, public health entities, and consumers. Guideline development followed the process set forth by the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, which includes use of the Evidence to Decision Framework. Studies informing this guideline (157 randomized controlled trials and 15 cohort studies) were previously reviewed in a recently published systematic review and meta-analysis. Quality and strength-of-evidence along with risk-of-bias in reporting was reviewed. In drafting the guideline, data assessments and opinions by authoritative scientific bodies providing guidance on the safety of flavan-3-ols were considered. Moderate evidence supporting cardiometabolic protection resulting from flavan-3-ol intake in the range of 400–600 mg/d was supported in the literature. Further, increasing consumption of dietary flavan-3-ols can help improve blood pressure, cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, and insulin/glucose dynamics). It should be noted that this is a food-based guideline and not a recommendation for flavan-3-ol supplements. This guideline was based on beneficial effects observed across a range of disease biomarkers and endpoints. Although a comprehensive assessment of available data has been reviewed, evidence gaps identified herein can inform scientists in guiding future randomized clinical trials. *Adv Nutr* 2022;0:1–14.

Statement of Significance: The Expert Panel found moderate evidence supporting cardiometabolic protection resulting from flavan-3-ol intake such that we are proposing the first dietary recommendation for a bioactive food compound.

Keywords: flavan-3-ols, cardiometabolic disease, guideline, bioactive compound, cardiovascular

Forbes HEALTH

What Are Flavanol-3s? The Tea On The New Dietary Recommendation For This Important Nutrient, According To A Food Scientist

By Taylor Wallace

Fact Checked Sarah Berger

Updated: Oct 6, 2022, 4:05am

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Taylor C. Wallace, Ph.D., is principal and CEO of the Think Healthy Group—a food science and nutrition research firm—as well as a professor in the department of nutrition and food studies at George Mason University. His academic research interests are in the area of nutritional interventions to promote health and prevent the onset of chronic disease. He is an author of the new guideline recommendation for flavan-3-ols, the first North American dietary guideline recommendation for a dietary bioactive compound. "Among the general adult population, we suggest increasing consumption of nutrient-dense foods rich in flavan-3ols and low (or absent) in added sugars, including but not limited to tea, apples, berries, and cocoa. Based on moderate quality research, consumption of **400–600 mg/d flavan-3-ols** can reduce risk associated with cardiovascular disease and diabetes. Increasing consumption of dietary flavan-3-ols may help improve blood pressure, cholesterol concentrations, and blood sugar."

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The Doctor Oz Show (N=187; 7y)



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Other Shows



Spokesperson



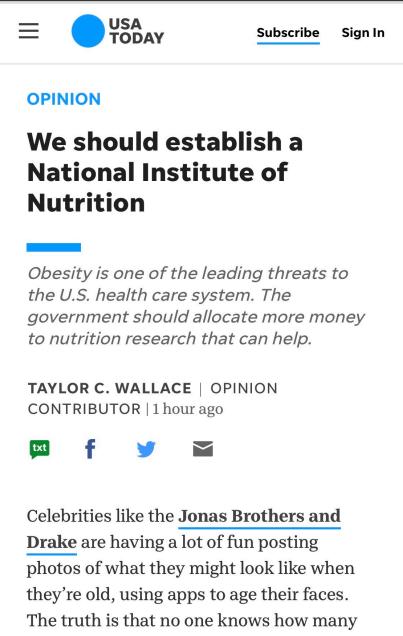
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www.drtaylorwallace.com/media

Online and Print Media



wrinkles or crow's-feet may show up

Forbes HEALTH I'm A Nutrition Scientist—Here's Why I Take A Multivitamin By Taylor Wallace Fact Checked Sarah Berger

Updated: Jul 19, 2022, 12:28pm

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Table of Contents

Peek into my kitchen cabinets, and you'll learn a few things about me. You might find fresh fruits and vegetables, 100% whole wheat bread, extra cheesy Cheez-Its...and a men's multivitamin.

The latter might be surprising—with contrasting views on multivitamins ranging from them being "a nutrition insurance plan" to "flushing money down the drain," people are often curious



food. Yet, consumers have never been so overwhelmed by doubt, their worries stoked by anti-technology activists peddling unsubstantiated fears.

Products



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Every communications outlet is different:

My role on the Dr. Oz Show vs. NBC News and Forbes Health.

Know your audience and how to appeal to/resonate with them.

- Xanthan gum and cancer segment example.
- Cheesy snacks segment example (Red 40 and Yellow 5).
- One commonality exists media outlets and personalities are desperate for your attention!
- News outlets are concubines for clicks and views.
- Your talking points won't garner attention!
 - No one cares that 3 people in America will get 2 mg less iron if they don't consume refined grains.

Tell Your Story and Resonate!

Forbes HEALTH

What Are Flavanol-3s? The Tea **On The New Dietary Recommendation For This** Important Nutrient, According To **A Food Scientist**

By Taylor Wallace Fact Checked] Sarah Berger

Updated: Oct 6, 2022, 4:05am

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BMI Calculator Calorie Calculator **Best Diets Best Diets For Heart Health Best Diets For Diabetics** Noom Diet Review **GOLO Diet Review**

Nutrition

Q

Forbe

The smell of freshly baked apple cinnamon raisin (whole grain, of course) and a cup of hot tea or co the morning takes me back to my grandmother's But would it surprise you that there was some tru grandma's favorite mantra, "an apple a day keeps doctor away?"

My grandmother lived to be 95 years old and over 75-plus-acre farm until right before she passed in don't remember a single visit where there weren't fruits and vegetables from her garden stacked on counter, and apples from my family's orchard. Sh always had a pitcher of freshly brewed iced tea (re that as you read this article). She drank five cups unsweetened iced tea every day for as long as I ca remember.

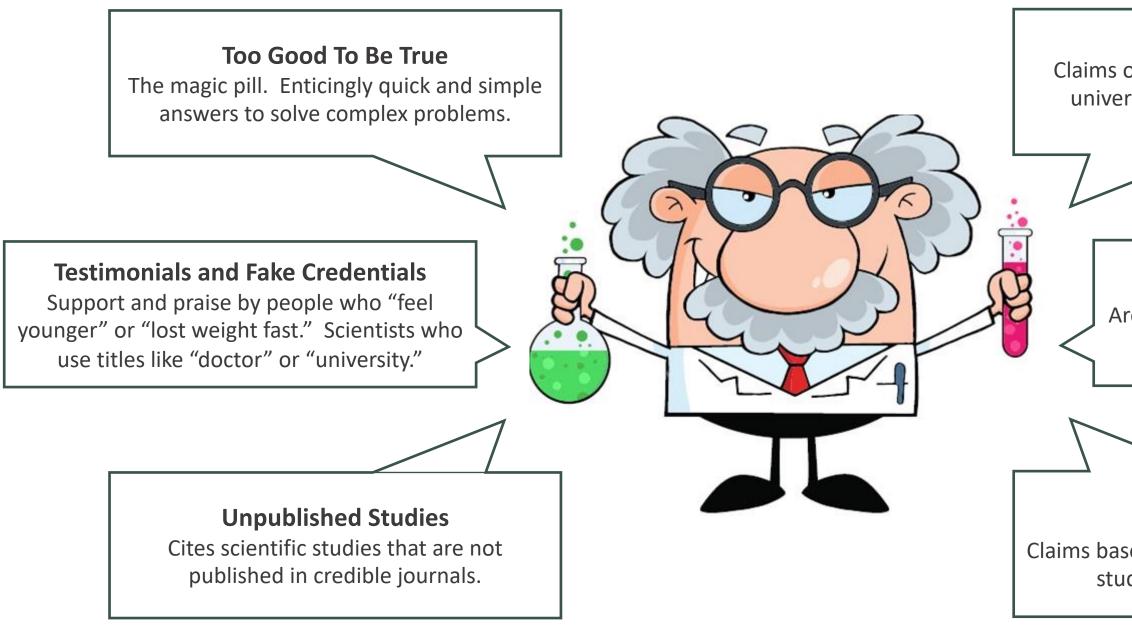
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	Best CBD Oil	
	Benefits Of CBD Oil	
	Best OTC Allergy Medications	
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	Melatonin For Sleep	
	Dental Care	
	Natural Teeth Whitening	
	How To Whiten Your Teeth	

https://www.forbes.com/health/body/what-are-flavanol-3s/

Everyone is an expert when it comes to food:

- Food is deeply emotional for people.
- Not many people change their mind often.
- Industry marketing practices have caused a lot of chaos.
- Activist groups and those with unrealized conflicts-of-interest have made things worse.
- There are many nutrition quacks out there... most will say anything to get on TV or in front of you.
- Trust means everything.

Identifying Nutrition Quackery





Persecution Claims

Claims of persecution of an accredited university, company/commodity or government entity.

Motive and Personal Gain

Are those making the claim profiting from the claim (e.g., product, book sales, etc.)

Logic without Proof

Claims based on reasoning but not scientific studies (e.g., ancient remedy)

Choosing not to interact is more detrimental:

- If you choose not to engage you will lose invaluable opportunities...
- Interacting does **NOT** mean trying to control the narrative or shooting out irrelevant talking points.
- Time is of the essence.
- The Doctor Oz Show was not out to get you.
- Trust and support your tribe. Pharma is **EXCELLENT** at supporting their tribe. Big food is **LOUSY** at it.
 - Artificial flavors segment example (food industry).
 - Calcium supplements and bisphosphonates segment example (pharmaceutical industry).
 - Leveraging your online and social media tribes will help you mitigate TV headlines.

Staying true to science is your best bet:

- Invest in safety and efficacy research on your products.
- Tackle an issue head-on before it is an issue. Be proactive!
- If you lead the charge, you control the narrative.
- Why fall victim to shotty science?
 - Added phosphorus example.



Article

check for

Citation: Fulgoni, K.; Fulgoni, V.L., III: Wallace, T.C. Association of Total, Added, and Natural Phosphorus Intakes with Biomarkers of Health Status and Mortality in Healthy Adults in the United States. Nutrients 2022, 14, 1738. https://doi.org/ 10.3390/nu14091738

Academic Editor: Roberto Iacone

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MDPI

Association of Total, Added, and Natural Phosphorus Intakes with Biomarkers of Health Status and Mortality in Healthy Adults in the United States

Kristin Fulgoni¹, Victor L. Fulgoni III^{1,*} and Taylor C. Wallace^{2,3}

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Abstract: The Western diet is high in dietary phosphorus, partially due to added phosphorus, (i.e., phosphates) predominantly present in processed food products. Elevated serum phosphate levels, otherwise known as hyperphosphatemia, have been associated with changes in health status, of note detrimental effects on cardiovascular and renal health. However, the extent to which highly absorbed added phosphorus contributes to these changes is relatively unknown, due to its poor characterization among food composition databases. Industry-provided data on phosphorus source ingredients and ranges of added phosphorus present in food categories to enable a more accurate estimation of the total, added, and natural phosphorus intakes in the U.S. population. Using regression analyses, we then assessed relationships between estimated total, added, and natural phosphorus intakes on biomarkers of health status and mortality in individuals enrolled in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 1988-1994 and 2001-2016 datasets. Total, added, and natural phosphorus intakes were associated with several biomarkers of health status. Added phosphorus intake was consistently inversely associated with HDL cholesterol in both men and women, whereas naturally occurring phosphorus intake was inversely correlated with the risk of elevated blood pressure. However, in most cases, the predicted impact of increases in phosphorus intake would result in small percentage changes in biomarkers. No meaningful associations between phosphorus and mortality were found, but indications of a correlation between mortality with quintiles of naturally occurring phosphorus were present, depending on covariate sets used. The disparate results for natural and added phosphorus intakes within the current study provide increased support for updating current food composition databases to more accurately account for dietary phosphorus intake as total, naturally occurring, and added phosphorus.

Keywords: phosphorus; phosphates; cardiovascular diseases; kidney; diet; risk factors; food additives

Nutrients. 2022;14:1738.

Thank You!





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